

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name: Neptune Cleaner

	Manufacturer	Australian Supplier:	New Zealand Supplier:
Name:	Stryker Instruments	Stryker Australia	Stryker New Zealand
Address:	4100 E.Milham Ave.	8 Herbert St,	515 Mt Wellington Highway,
	Kalamazoo, MI	St Leonards, NSW,	Auckland,
	USA 49001-6197	Australia, 2065	New Zealand, 1060
Phone No.:	+269-232-7700	+61 02 9467 1000	+64 09 573 1890
Fax No.:	1	+61 02 9467 1010	+64 09 573 1891

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name NEPTUNE CLEANER

Synonym(s) STRYKER NEPTUNE CLEANER

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) CLEANING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

	Manufacturer	Australian Supplier:	New Zealand Supplier:
Name:	Stryker Instruments	Stryker Australia	Stryker New Zealand
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EMERGENCY	0800 424 9300	13 11 26	0800 764 766

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFEWORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES [CLASSIFICATION] REGULATIONS 2001.

HSNO classification(s)

6.1E (dermal)
6.1E (oral)
6.3B
6.4A
Substances that are acutely toxic - May be harmful.
Substances that are acutely toxic - May be harmful.
Substances that are mildly irritating to the skin.
Substances that are irritating to the eye.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.
H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H316 Causes mild skin irritation.H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Prevention

P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use. P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P312 Call the emergency contact listed above or doctor/physician if you

feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P332 + P337 + P313 If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.



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Storage

None allocated.

Disposal

P501 In the case of a substance that is in compliance with a HSNO approval other than a Part 6A (Group

Standards) approval, a label must provide a description of one or more appropriate and achievable methods for the disposal of a substance in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Regulations 2001.

This may also include any method of disposal that must be avoided.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM LAURYL SULPHATE	151-21-3	205-788-1	<20%
AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE	1336-21-6	231-647-6	<0.1%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	>80%
ETHOXYLATED SURFACTANT(S)	-	-	<5%
CHELATING AGENT(S)	-	-	<0.5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact the emergency contact listed above or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce

vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

If spilt (bulk), mop up area. CAUTION: Spill site may be slippery.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure

standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Not required under normal conditions of use.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance OPAQUE LIQUID
Odour SLIGHT AROMATIC ODOUR



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9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE

pH 7 to 9.5 Melting point < 0°C

93°C (Starts foaming) **Boiling point** Flash point NOT RELEVANT **Evaporation rate** AS FOR WATER **Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Vapour pressure < 25 mm Hg @ 25°C Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE Solubility (water) SOLUBLE Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE

Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE

Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE Specific gravity 1.01 to 1.03

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles 80 % (Approximately)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard Irritant. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in summary irritation. Ammonia is present in low concentrations and therefore adverse health effects associated with this

chemical are reduced.

Eye Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Inhalation Irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.

Skin May be harmful. Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Ingestion May be harmful. Ingestion of large quantities may result in nausea, vomiting and gastrointestinal irritation.

Toxicity data SODIUM LAURYL SULPHATE (151-21-3)

 LC50 (inhalation)
 > 3900 mg/kg (rat)

 LD50 (ingestion)
 1288 mg/kg (rat)

 LD50 (intraperitoneal)
 210 mg/kg (rat)

 LD50 (intravenous)
 118 mg/kg (rat)

 LD50 (skin)
 580 mg/kg (rabbit)

 LDLo (skin)
 10 g/kg (rat)

AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE (1336-21-6)



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AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE (1336-21-6)

LCLo (inhalation) 5000 ppm (human)
LD50 (ingestion) 350 mg/kg (rat)
LD50 (intravenous) 91 mg/kg (mouse)
LDLo (ingestion) 43 mg/kg (human)
LDLo (intravenous) 10 mg/kg (rabbit)
LDLo (subcutaneous) 160 mg/kg (mouse)
TCLo (inhalation) 408 ppm (human)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Discharge of large quantities into aquatic environment may kill fish or other aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The major component of this product is readily biodegradable. Do not release directly into surface waters.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Reuse where possible. For small amounts, flush to sewer with excess water. Alternatively absorb with sand,

vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information if disposing of large quantities (if required). Aquatic life may be threatened and

environmental damage may result if large quantities are allowed to enter waterways.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO LAND TRANSPORT RULE:

	LAND TRANSPORT (NZS 5433)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Approval code HSR002530

Group standard Cleaning Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2006



Inventory listing(s)

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt

NEW ZEALAND: NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES: Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

Abbreviations

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS#	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CCID	Chemical Classification and Information Database (HSNO)
CNS	Central Nervous System
EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
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EPA	Environmental Protection Authority [New Zealand]
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly
	alkaline).
ppm	Parts Per Million
REACH	Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Revision history

STEL

TLV

TWA

STOT-RE

STOT-SE

Revision	Description
1.0	Initial SDS Creation

END OF MSDS

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Short-Term Exposure Limit

Threshold Limit Value

Time Weighted Average

